

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION
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Revision: ORIGINAL
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M A S T E R M I N I M U M E Q U I P M E N T L I S T

LOCKHEED P2V NEPTUNE

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FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION
MASTER MINIMUM EQUIPMENT LIST

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Control Page

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Definitions

1. System Definitions.

System numbers are based on the Air Transport Association (ATA) Specification Number 100 and items are numbered sequentially.

- a. "Item" (Column 1) means the equipment, system, component, or function listed in the "Item" column.
- b. "Number Installed" (Column 2) is the number (quantity) of items normally installed in the aircraft. This number represents the aircraft configuration considered in developing this MMEL. Should the number be a variable (e.g., passenger cabin items) a number is not required.
- c. "Number Required for Dispatch" (Column 3) is the minimum number (quantity) of items required for operation provided the conditions specified in Column 4 are met.

NOTE: Where the MMEL shows a variable number required for dispatch, the MEL must reflect the actual number required for dispatch or an alternate means of configuration control approved by the Administrator.

- d. "Remarks or Exceptions" (Column 4) in this column includes a statement either prohibiting or permitting operation with a specific number of items inoperative, provisos (conditions and limitations) for such operation, and appropriate notes.
- e. A vertical bar (change bar) in the margin indicates a change, addition or deletion in the adjacent text for the current revision of that page only. The change bar is dropped at the next revision of that page.

2. "Airplane/Rotorcraft Flight Manual" (AFM/RFM) is the document required for type certification and approved by the responsible FAA Aircraft Certification Office. The FAA approved AFM/RFM for the specific aircraft is listed on the applicable Type

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Certificate Data Sheet.

3. "As required by FAR" means that the listed item is subject to certain provisions (restrictive or permissive) expressed in the Federal Aviation Regulations operating rules. The number of items required by the FAR must be operative. When the listed item is not required by FAR it may be inoperative for time specified by repair category.

4. Each inoperative item must be placarded to inform and remind the crewmembers and maintenance personnel of the equipment condition.

NOTE: To the extent practical, placards should be located adjacent to the control or indicator for the item affected; however, unless otherwise specified, placard wording and location will be determined by the operator.

5. "-" symbol in Column 2 and/or Column 3 indicates a variable number (quantity) of the item installed.

6. "Deleted" in the remarks column after a sequence item indicates that the item was previously listed but is now required to be operative if installed in the aircraft.

7. "ER" refers to extended range operations of a two-engine airplane which has a type design approval for ER operations and complies with the provisions of Advisory Circular 120-42A.

8. "Federal Aviation Regulations" (FAR) means the applicable portions of the Federal Aviation Act and Federal Aviation Regulations.

9. "Flight Day" means a 24 hour period (from midnight to midnight) either Universal Coordinated Time (UCT) or local time, as established by the operator, during which at least one flight is initiated for the affected aircraft.

10. "Icing Conditions" means an atmospheric environment that may cause ice to form on the aircraft or in the engine(s).

11. Alphabetical symbol in Column 4 indicates a proviso (condition or limitation) that must be complied with for

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operation with the listed item inoperative.

12. "Inoperative" means a system and/or component malfunction to the extent that it does not accomplish its intended purpose and/or is not consistently functioning normally within its approved operating limit(s) or tolerance(s).

13. "Notes:" in Column 4 provides additional information for crewmember or maintenance consideration. Notes are used to identify applicable material which is intended to assist with compliance, but do not relieve the operator of the responsibility for compliance with all applicable requirements. Notes are not a part of the provisos.

14. Inoperative components of an inoperative system:
Inoperative items which are components of a system which is inoperative are usually considered components directly associated with and having no other function than to support that system. (Warning/caution systems associated with the inoperative system must be operative unless relief is specifically authorized per the MMEL).

15. "(M)" symbol indicates a requirement for a specific maintenance procedure which must be accomplished prior to operation with the listed item inoperative. Normally these procedures are accomplished by maintenance personnel; however, other personnel may be qualified and authorized to perform certain functions. Procedures requiring specialized knowledge or skill, or requiring the use of tools or test equipment should be accomplished by maintenance personnel. The satisfactory accomplishment of all maintenance procedures, regardless of who performs them, is the responsibility of the operator. Appropriate procedures are required to be published as part of the operator's manual or MEL.

16. "(O)" symbol indicates a requirement for a specific operations procedure which must be accomplished in planning for and/or operating with the listed item inoperative. Normally these procedures are accomplished by the flight crew; however, other personnel may be qualified and authorized to perform certain functions. The satisfactory accomplishment of all procedures, regardless of who performs them, is the responsibility of the operator. Appropriate procedures are

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required to be published as a part of the operator's manual or MEL.

NOTE: The (M) and (O) symbols are required in the operator's MEL unless otherwise authorized by the Administrator.

17. "Deactivated" and "Secured" means that the specified component must be put into an acceptable condition for safe flight. An acceptable method of securing or deactivating will be established by the operator.

18. "Visual Flight Rules" (VFR) is as defined in FAR Part 91. This precludes a pilot from filing an Instrument Flight Rules (IFR) flight plan.

19. "Visual Meteorological Conditions" (VMC) means the atmospheric environment is such that would allow a flight to proceed under the visual flight rules applicable to the flight. This does not preclude operating under Instrument Flight Rules.

20. "Visible Moisture" means an atmospheric environment containing water in any form that can be seen in natural or artificial light; for example, clouds, fog, rain, sleet, hail, or snow.

21. "Passenger Convenience Items" means those items related to passenger convenience, comfort or entertainment such as, but not limited to, galley equipment, movie equipment, ash trays, stereo equipment, overhead reading lamps, etc.

22. Repair Intervals: All users of an MEL approved under FAR 121, 125, 129 and 135 must effect repairs of inoperative systems or components, deferred in accordance with the MEL, at or prior to the repair times established by the following letter designators:

Category A. Items in this category shall be repaired within the time interval specified in the remarks column of the operator's approved MEL.

Category B. Items in this category shall be repaired within three (3) consecutive calendar days (72 hours), excluding the day the malfunction was recorded in the aircraft maintenance

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record/logbook. For example, if it were recorded at 10 a.m. on January 26th, the three day interval would begin at midnight the 26th and end at midnight the 29th.

Category C. Items in this category shall be repaired within ten (10) consecutive calendar days (240 hours), excluding the day the malfunction was recorded in the aircraft maintenance record/logbook. For example, if it were recorded at 10 a.m. on January 26th, the 10 day interval would begin at midnight the 26th and end at midnight February 5th.

Category D. Items in this category shall be repaired within one hundred and twenty (120) consecutive calendar days (2880 hours), excluding the day the malfunction was recorded in the aircraft maintenance log and/or record.

The letter designators are inserted adjacent to Column 2.

23. Electronic fault alerting system - General |
|
New generation aircraft display system fault indications to the |
flight crew by use of computerized display systems. Each |
aircraft manufacturer has incorporated individual design |
philosophies in determining the data that would be |
represented. The following are customized definitions (specific |
to each manufacturer) to help determine the level of messages |
affecting the aircraft's dispatch status. When preparing the |
MEL document, operators are to select the proper Definition No. |
23 for their aircraft, if appropriate. |

a. BOEING (B-757/767, B-747-400, B-777) |
|
Boeing airplanes equipped with Engine Indicating and Crew |
Alerting Systems (EICAS), provide different priority levels of |
system messages (WARNING, CAUTION, ADVISORY, STATUS and |
MAINTENANCE). Any messages that affects airplane dispatch |
status will be displayed at a STATUS message level or higher. |
The absence of an EICAS STATUS or higher level (WARNING, |
CAUTION, ADVISORY) indicates that the system/component is |
operating within its approved operating limits or tolerances. |
|
System conditions that result only in a maintenance level |
message, i.e. no correlation with a higher level EICAS message, |

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do not affect dispatch and do not require action other than as addressed within an operators standard maintenance program.

b. DOUGLAS (MD-11)

Some Douglas aircraft are equipped with an alerting function which is a subsystem within the Electronic Instrument System (EIS). The alerting function provides various levels of system condition alerts (WARNING, CAUTION, ADVISORY, MAINTENANCE and STATUS).

Alerts that affect aircraft dispatch will include WARNING, CAUTION, STATUS or MAINTENANCE level. MAINTENANCE alerts are displayed on the status page of the EIS display panel under the maintenance heading.

A MAINTENANCE alert on the EIS indicates the presence of a system fault which can be identified by the Central Fault Display System (CFDS) interrogation. The systems are designed to be fault tolerant, however, for any MAINTENANCE alert, the MEL must be verified for dispatch purposes.

c. AIRBUS (A-300-600, A-310, A-320/319/321, A-330, A-340)

Airbus aircraft equipped with Electronic Centralized Aircraft Monitoring (ECAM) provide different levels of system condition messages (WARNING, CAUTION, STATUS, and ADVISORY). A-320/319/321, A-330, and A-340 also provide MAINTENANCE status messages.

Any message that effects airplane dispatchability will normally be at the WARNING, CAUTION or STATUS level. MAINTENANCE messages (A-320/319/321, A-330, and A-340 only) are also indicated on ECAM Status Page below the white Maintenance label.

A MAINTENANCE status (Class II) message on ECAM indicates the presence of a system fault which can be identified by CFDS (A-320/319/321) or CMS (A-330/A-340) interrogation. The systems are designed to be fault tolerant, however for any MAINTENANCE status (Class II) message, the A-320/319/321 MEL must be verified for dispatch capability. For the A-330 and A-340, MAINTENANCE status messages do not affect dispatch.

d. FOKKER (FK-100)

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Fokker aircraft are equipped with Multi Function Display System (MFDS) which provides electronic message referring to the different priority levels of system information (WARNING (red), CAUTION (amber), AWARENESS (cyan) AND STATUS (white). Any messages that affects aircraft dispatch will be at the WARNING, CAUTION or AWARENESS level. In these cases the MEL must be verified for dispatch capability and maintenance may be required.

System conditions that only require maintenance are not presented on the flight deck. These maintenance indications/messages may be presented on the Maintenance & Test Panel (MAP) or the Centralized Fault Display Unit (CFDU) and by dedicated Built In Test Evaluation (BITE) of systems.

24. "Administrative control item" means an item listed by the operator in the MEL for tracking and informational purposes. It may be added to an operator's MEL by approval of the Principal Operations Inspector provided no relief is granted, or provided conditions and limitations are contained in an approved document (i.e. Structural Repair Manual, airworthiness directive, etc.). If relief other than that granted by an approved document is sought for an administrative control item, a request must be submitted to the Administrator. If the request results in review and approval by the FOEB, the item becomes an MMEL item rather than an administrative control item.

25. "****" symbol in Column 1 indicates an item which is not required by regulation but which may have been installed on some models of aircraft covered by this MMEL. This item may be included on the operator's MEL after the approving office has determined that the item has been installed on one or more of the operator's aircraft. The symbol, however, shall not be carried forward into the operator's MEL. It should be noted that neither this policy nor the use of this symbol provide authority to install or remove an item from an aircraft.

26. "Excess Items" means those items that have been installed that are redundant to the requirements of the FARs.

27. "Day of Discovery" is the calendar day an equipment/instrument malfunction was recorded in the aircraft

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maintenance log and or record. This day is excluded from the calendar days or flight days specified in the MMEL for the repair of an inoperative item of equipment. This provision is applicable to all MMEL items, i.e., categories "A, B, C, and D."

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Preamble
(Effective 6/14/89)

The following is applicable for authorized certificate holders operating under Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR) Parts 121, 125, 129, 135: The FAR require that all equipment installed on an aircraft in compliance with the Airworthiness Standards and the Operating Rules must be operative. However, the Rules also permit the publication of a Minimum Equipment List (MEL) where compliance with certain equipment requirements is not necessary in the interests of safety under all operating conditions. Experience has shown that with the various levels of redundancy designed into aircraft, operation of every system or installed component may not be necessary when the remaining operative equipment can provide an acceptable level of safety. A Master Minimum Equipment List (MMEL) is developed by the FAA, with participation by the aviation industry, to improve aircraft utilization and thereby provide more convenient and economic air transportation for the public. The FAA approved MMEL includes those items of equipment related to airworthiness and operating regulations and other items of equipment which the Administrator finds may be inoperative and yet maintain an acceptable level of safety by appropriate conditions and limitations; it does not contain obviously required items such as wings, flaps, and rudders. The MMEL is the basis for development of individual operator MELs which take into consideration the operator's particular aircraft equipment configuration and operational conditions. Operator MELs, for administrative control, may include items not contained in the MMEL; however, relief for administrative control items must be approved by the Administrator. An operator's MEL may differ in format from the MMEL, but cannot be less restrictive than the MMEL. The individual operator's MEL, when approved and authorized, permits operation of the aircraft with inoperative equipment.

Equipment not required by the operation being conducted and equipment in excess of FAR requirements are included in the MEL with appropriate conditions and limitations. The MEL must not deviate from the Aircraft Flight Manual Limitations, Emergency Procedures or with Airworthiness Directives. It is important to remember that all equipment related to the airworthiness and the operating regulations of the aircraft not listed on the MMEL must be operative.

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Preamble
(Effective 6/14/89)

Suitable conditions and limitations in the form of placards, maintenance procedures, crew operating procedures and other restrictions as necessary are specified in the MEL to ensure that an acceptable level of safety is maintained.

The MEL is intended to permit operation with inoperative items of equipment for a period of time until repairs can be accomplished. It is important that repairs be accomplished at the earliest opportunity. In order to maintain an acceptable level of safety and reliability the MMEL establishes limitations on the duration of and conditions for operation with inoperative equipment. The MEL provides for release of the aircraft for flight with inoperative equipment. When an item of equipment is discovered to be inoperative, it is reported by making an entry in the Aircraft Maintenance Record/Logbook as prescribed by FAR. The item is then either repaired or may be deferred per the MEL or other approved means acceptable to the Administrator prior to further operation. MEL conditions and limitations, do not relieve the operator from determining that the aircraft is in condition for safe operation with items of equipment inoperative.

When these requirements are met, an Airworthiness Release, Aircraft Maintenance Record/Logbook entry, or other approved documentation is issued as prescribed by FAR. Such documentation is required prior to operation with any item of equipment inoperative.

Operators are responsible for exercising the necessary operational control to ensure that an acceptable level of safety is maintained. When operating with multiple inoperative items, the interrelationships between those items and the effect on aircraft operation and crew workload will be considered.

Operators are to establish a controlled and sound repair program including the parts, personnel, facilities, procedures, and schedules to ensure timely repair.

WHEN USING THE MEL, COMPLIANCE WITH THE STATED INTENT OF THE PREAMBLE, DEFINITIONS, AND THE CONDITIONS AND LIMITATIONS SPECIFIED IN THE MEL IS REQUIRED.

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SYSTEM & SEQUENCE NUMBERS	ITEM	1.	2. NUMBER INSTALLED	3. NUMBER REQUIRED FOR DISPATCH	4. REMARKS OR EXCEPTIONS
21	AIR CONDITIONING				
1.	Cabin Heating *** System	D	1	0	(M)May be inoperative provided it is deactivated and secured.

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SYSTEM & SEQUENCE NUMBERS	ITEM	1.	2. NUMBER INSTALLED	3. NUMBER REQUIRED FOR DISPATCH	4. REMARKS OR EXCEPTIONS
23	COMMUNICATIONS				
1.	Communications Systems (HF, VHF, UHF)	C	-	-	As required by FAR.
2.	Headsets/ Microphones	C	-	-	Any in excess of those required for flight deck crewmembers (including official observer in observer's seat) may be inoperative.

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SYSTEM & SEQUENCE NUMBERS	ITEM	1.	2. NUMBER INSTALLED	3. NUMBER REQUIRED FOR DISPATCH	4. REMARKS OR EXCEPTIONS
24	ELECTRICAL POWER				
1.	DC Loadmeters (With Three Generator Mod.)	B	3	2	(M)(O)One may be inoperative provided: a) Associated DC Generator is considered inoperative, b) The cause of the malfunction is determined, and c) Associated DC Generator control switch remains OFF.
2.	DC Generators (With Three Generator Mod.)	B	3	2	(M)(O)One may be inoperative provided: a) Associated Generator is removed and secured by an acceptable procedure, b) Associated Generator control switch remains OFF, and c) Acceptable load shedding procedures are established and used during jet engine starts.
3.	AC Generators (Flight Instruments)	B	2	1	One may be inoperative for DAY VMC operations only.
4.	Inverters	B	2	1	One may be inoperative provided acceptable load shedding procedures are established and used.

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SYSTEM & SEQUENCE NUMBERS	ITEM	1.	2. NUMBER INSTALLED	3. NUMBER REQUIRED FOR DISPATCH	4. REMARKS OR EXCEPTIONS
25	EQUIPMENT/FURNISHINGS				
1.	Emergency Locator Transmitter (ELT)	C	-	-	As required by FAR.

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SYSTEM & SEQUENCE NUMBERS	ITEM	1.	2. NUMBER INSTALLED	3. NUMBER REQUIRED FOR DISPATCH	4. REMARKS OR EXCEPTIONS
28	FUEL				
1.	Fuel Quantity Indicators (Flight Station)				
1)	Main Tanks (Outboards)	C	2	1	(M)(O)One may be inoperative provided: a) Fuel quantity is verified by an acceptable means after each refueling, b) Fuel Flow Meters operate normally, are monitored during flight, and fuel consumed is recorded, and c) Operations are conducted in compliance with AFM fuel loading and use schedule.
2)	Center Tanks (Inboards)	C	2	1	(M)(O)One may be inoperative provided: a) Fuel quantity is verified by an acceptable means after each refueling, b) Associated Main Fuel Quantity Indicator operates normally, c) Fuel Flow Meters operate normally, are monitored during flight, and fuel consumed is recorded, and d) Operations are conducted in compliance with AFM fuel loading and use schedule.

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SYSTEM & SEQUENCE NUMBERS	ITEM	1.	2. NUMBER INSTALLED	3. NUMBER REQUIRED FOR DISPATCH	4. REMARKS OR EXCEPTIONS
28	FUEL				
2.	Fuel Tank Boost Pumps				
1)	Main Tanks (Outboards)	B	2	1	(M)(O)One may be inoperative provided: a) Associated Center Tank Pump and engine driven pump operate normally, and b) Associated Center Tank is verified to have sufficient fuel for intended flight.
2)	Center Tanks (Inboards) (Outboards)	B	2	1	(M)(O)One may be inoperative provided: a) Associated Main Tank Pump and engine driven pump operate normally, and b) Associated Main Tank is verified to have sufficient fuel for intended flight.
3.	Fuel Selector Position Indicator Lights (P2V-7)	B	4	3	(O)One may be inoperative provided: a) Fuel Flow and Fuel Pressure indicators operate normally, b) Fuel Selector Valve position is visually verified, and c) Operations are conducted in accordance with the AFM.
4.	Fuel Selector Control Actuator (P2V-7)	B	4	3	(O)One may be inoperative provided operations are conducted in accordance with AFM procedures for manual operation of Fuel Selector Valve.

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SYSTEM & SEQUENCE NUMBERS	ITEM	1.	2. NUMBER INSTALLED	3. NUMBER REQUIRED FOR DISPATCH	4. REMARKS OR EXCEPTIONS
29	HYDRAULIC POWER				
1.	Engine Driven Hydraulic Pump Indicators	C	2	1	(M)One may be inoperative provided: a) Main Hydraulic System Pressure indicator operates normally, and b) Associated engine is started first and Main System pressure is verified normal.
2.	Main Hydraulic System Pressure Indicator (P2V-5/-7)	C	1	0	May be inoperative provided both Engine Driven Hydraulic Pump indicators operate normally.
3.	Normal Brake System Hydraulic Pressure Indicator (P2V-5/-7)	B	1	0	(M)May be inoperative provided: a) Emergency System Pressure indicator operates normally, and b) Brake accumulator pressure is verified adequate before each departure.

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SYSTEM & SEQUENCE NUMBERS	ITEM	1.	2. NUMBER INSTALLED	3. NUMBER REQUIRED FOR DISPATCH	4. REMARKS OR EXCEPTIONS
30	ICE AND RAIN PROTECTION				
1.	Propeller De-Icing System	C	2	0	May be inoperative provided airplane is not operated in known or forecast icing conditions.
2.	Pitot Heaters	B	2	1	One may be inoperative provided airplane is not operated in known or forecast icing conditions.

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SYSTEM & SEQUENCE NUMBERS	ITEM	1.	2. NUMBER INSTALLED	3. NUMBER REQUIRED FOR DISPATCH	4. REMARKS OR EXCEPTIONS
31	INDICATING/RECORDING SYSTEMS				
1.	Clocks	C	-	1	One may be inoperative at either the pilot's or copilot's station.
2.	Flight Hour Meter	C	1	0	

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SYSTEM & SEQUENCE NUMBERS	ITEM	1.	2. NUMBER INSTALLED	3. NUMBER REQUIRED FOR DISPATCH	4. REMARKS OR EXCEPTIONS
32	LANDING GEAR				
1.	Main Landing Gear Doors	B	4	-	(M) (O) May be inoperative provided: a) Affected door is removed by an approved means, b) Appropriate action is taken to assure that no hazard exists, c) Fire Detection system in affected Landing Gear Well is verified to operate normally, and d) Airplane is operated at or below Landing Gear operating speed (VLO).

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SYSTEM & SEQUENCE NUMBERS	ITEM	1.	2. NUMBER INSTALLED	3. NUMBER REQUIRED FOR DISPATCH	4. REMARKS OR EXCEPTIONS
33	LIGHTS				
1.	Flight Deck/Flight Compartment and Instrument Lighting System	C	-	-	Individual lights may be inoperative provided remaining lights are: a) Sufficient to clearly illuminate all required instruments, controls, and other devices for which they are provided, b) Positioned so that direct rays are shielded from flight crew member's eyes, and c) Lighting configuration and intensity is acceptable to the flight crew.
2.	Landing Lights	C	2	1	One may be inoperative provided Taxi Light operates normally.
		C	2	0	May be inoperative for day operations.
3.	Taxi Light	C	1	0	
4.	Anti-Collision Light System	C	1	0	May be inoperative for day operations.
5.	Position Lights	C	3	0	May be inoperative for day operations.
6.	Cabin Interior Normal Lighting System	C	-	-	Individual lights may be inop- erative provided remaining lighting is sufficient for crewmembers to perform their duties.

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34	NAVIGATION				
1.	Vertical Speed Indicators	B	2	1	One may be inoperative for day VMC flight only.
2.	Turn Indicators	C	2	1	One may be inoperative for day VMC flight only.
3.	VHF Navigation Systems (VOR/ILS)	C	-	-	As required by FAR.
4.	Radio Compass (ADF) System	C	-	-	As required by FAR.
5.	Distance Measuring Equipment (DME)	C	-	-	As required by FAR.
6.	Marker Beacon System	C	-	0	May be inoperative provided approach minimums do not require its use.
7.	Long Range Navigation Systems (INS, LORAN, GPS, etc.)	C	-	0	May be inoperative provided: a) Alternate procedures are established and used. OR b) Procedures do not require their use.
8.	ATC Transponder/Automatic Altitude Reporting Systems	C	-	0	As required by FAR.

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SYSTEM & SEQUENCE NUMBERS	ITEM	1.	2. NUMBER INSTALLED	3. NUMBER REQUIRED FOR DISPATCH	4. REMARKS OR EXCEPTIONS
35	OXYGEN				
1.	Crew Portable Oxygen System	C	-	-	As required by FAR.

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SYSTEM & SEQUENCE NUMBERS	ITEM	1.	2. NUMBER INSTALLED	3. NUMBER REQUIRED FOR DISPATCH	4. REMARKS OR EXCEPTIONS
52	DOORS				
1.	Aft Hatch Ajar Warning Light	C	1	0	May be inoperative provided door is visually confirmed latched before each departure.

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SYSTEM & SEQUENCE NUMBERS	ITEM	1.	2. NUMBER INSTALLED	3. NUMBER REQUIRED FOR DISPATCH	4. REMARKS OR EXCEPTIONS
61	PROPELLERS				
1.	Propeller Synchronization System				
1)	Master Synchronizer	A	1	0	(M) (O) May be inoperative provided: a) Master Synchronizer is secured by an acceptable means, b) Propeller governor (toggle) switches operate normally, c) Propeller pitch limit lights operate normally, and d) Repairs are made within two flight days.

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SYSTEM & SEQUENCE NUMBERS	ITEM	1.	2. NUMBER INSTALLED	3. NUMBER REQUIRED FOR DISPATCH	4. REMARKS OR EXCEPTIONS
71	POWERPLANT				
1.	Oil Cooler Doors (Auto Positioning System)	C	2	0	(M) (O) May be inoperative provided: a) Manual system operates normally, and b) Oil Temperatures are closely monitored during flight.
2.	Alternate Air Door System	C	2	1	One may be inoperative provided airplane is not operated in known or forecast icing conditions.
3.	Turbojet Powerplants	D	2	0	(M) (O) May be inoperative provided: a) Both Turbojet powerplants are secured by an approved procedure, and b) AFM performance limitations are complied with.

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SYSTEM & SEQUENCE NUMBERS	ITEM	1.	2. NUMBER INSTALLED	3. NUMBER REQUIRED FOR DISPATCH	4. REMARKS OR EXCEPTIONS
73	ENGINE FUEL & CONTROL				
1.	Fuel Flow Indicators	B	2	1	One may be inoperative provided associated engine instruments and fuel quantity indicators operate normally.
2.	Fuel Pressure Indicators	B	2	1	One may be inoperative provided associated Fuel Flow and BMEP/Torque indicators operate normally.

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SYSTEM & SEQUENCE NUMBERS	ITEM	1.	2. NUMBER INSTALLED	3. NUMBER REQUIRED FOR DISPATCH	4. REMARKS OR EXCEPTIONS
77	ENGINE INDICATING				
1.	BMEP Indicators (P2V-5)	C	2	1	(O)One may be inoperative provided: a) All other associated engine instruments operate normally, and b) Alternate procedures are established and used to lean engine. OR c) All other associated engine instruments operate normally, and d) Engine is operated at FULL RICH.
		C			
2.	Torque Indicators (P2V-7)	C	2	1	(O)One may be inoperative provided: a) All other associated engine instruments operate normally, and b) Alternate procedures are established and used to lean engine. OR c) All other associated engine instruments operate normally, and d) Engine is operated at FULL RICH.
		C			
3.	Carburetor Air Temperature Indicators	C	2	1	(O)One may be inoperative provided: a) Associated engine instruments operate normally, and b) Airplane is not operated in known or forecast icing conditions.

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SYSTEM & SEQUENCE NUMBERS	ITEM	1.	2. NUMBER INSTALLED	3. NUMBER REQUIRED FOR DISPATCH	4. REMARKS OR EXCEPTIONS
77	ENGINE INDICATING				
4.	Cylinder Head Temperature Indicators	C	2	1	(O)One may be inoperative provided all other associated engine instruments operate normally.
5.	Engine Analyzer	C	1	0	(O)May be inoperative provided AFM procedures are applied.

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SYSTEM & SEQUENCE NUMBERS	ITEM	1.	2. NUMBER INSTALLED	3. NUMBER REQUIRED FOR DISPATCH	4. REMARKS OR EXCEPTIONS
79	ENGINE OIL				
1.	Oil Quantity Indicators	C	2	1	(M)One may be inoperative provided: a) Associated Oil Pressure, Oil Temperature, and Low Oil Pressure Warning system operate normally, b) There is no evidence of above normal oil consumption or leakage, c) Associated Oil Quantity is verified adequate prior to each departure, and d) Oil Transfer is not used.