MMEL Policy Letter (PL) 85, Revision 4 GC

Date: July 5, 2012
To: All Region Flight Standards Division Managers
All Aircraft Evaluation Group Managers
From: Manager, Air Transportation Division, AFS-200
Reply to Attn of: Manager, Technical Programs Branch, AFS-260

MMEL GLOBAL CHANGE (GC)
This GC is an approved addendum to all existing MMEL documents. Operators may seek use of the specific relief contained in this PL by revising their Minimum Equipment List (MEL). In doing so, each applicable sample proviso stating the relief in this PL, must be copied verbatim in the operator’s MEL. Approval of a revised MEL is gained utilizing established procedures, through the Operator’s assigned Principal Operations Inspector (POI). This GC Expires 7/5/2016.

SUBJECT: Lavatory Door Ashtray

MMEL CODE: 25 (EQUIPMENT & FURNISHINGS)
REFERENCE:
PL-85, Revision 3, dated December 15, 2011
PL-85, Revision 2, dated February 7, 2000
PL-85, Revision 1, dated August 15, 1997
PL-85, Revision Original, dated August 27, 1996
14 CFR § 25.853
Airworthiness Directive (AD) 74-08-09 R3, effective date March 28, 2012 (appendix A)
Alternate Means of Compliance (AMOC) FAA letter ANM-115-12-001, dated March 27, 2012 (appendix B)
Alternate Means of Compliance (AMOC) FAA letter ANM-115-12-004 dated March 27, 2012 (appendix C)

PURPOSE:
To establish standardized Master Minimum Equipment List (MMEL) relief for ashtrays installed on or near the entry side of each lavatory.
DISCUSSION:

Revision 4 incorporates AD 74-08-09 R3 (appendix A), and two AMOCs (appendix B & C to this PL) to this AD as indicated in the reference above. Adds GC designator.

Revision 3 omits the Global Change (GC) designation for this PL.

Revision 2 revises policy letter 85 to clarify that only ashtrays installed on or near the entry side of each lavatory are affected by this policy (per AD 74-08-09 R2).

Revision 1 reformatted policy letter 85 with no change to policy.

The FAA AD 74-08-09 R3 is applicable to all transport category airplanes, certificated in any category, that have one or more lavatories equipped with paper or linen waste receptacles. This is a revision to an existing AD originally prompted by fires occurring in lavatories which was caused by, among other things, smoking materials deposited by passengers or crew.

AD 74-08-09 R3 provides for an airplane with multiple lavatory doors may be operated with up to 50 percent of the lavatory door ashtrays missing or inoperative, provided 50 percent of the missing or inoperative ashtrays are replaced within 3 days and all remaining missing or inoperative ashtrays are replaced within 10 days. An aircraft with one lavatory door may be operated for a period of 10 days with the lavatory door ashtray missing or inoperative.

The two AMOCs (Appendix B & C) revised the AD requirements as follows:

- An airplane with multiple lavatory doors may be operated for a period of 10 days with up to and including 50 percent of the lavatory door ashtrays missing or inoperative.
- An airplane with multiple lavatory doors may be operated for a period of three days with more than 50 percent of the lavatory door ashtrays missing or inoperative, or
- An airplane with only one lavatory door may be operated for a period of 10 days with the lavatory ashtray missing or inoperative.

Part 25 does not differentiate between crew and passenger exterior lavatory door ashtrays. As such, for MMEL relief purposes, crew exterior lavatory door ashtrays are included in the total exterior lavatory door ashtray count of an aircraft.

POLICY:

The following provisos are to be used when granting relief for missing or inoperative exterior lavatory door ashtrays:

Note: This relief reflects the provisions found in two AMOCs (see appendix B & C in this PL) both dated March 27, 2012, to AD 74-08-09 R3.

25 (EQUIPMENT & FURNISHINGS) Repair Number Number Remarks or Exceptions
Interval Installed Required or Dispatch

XX-X Exterior Lavatory Door Ashtrays
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Repair Interval</th>
<th>Number Installed</th>
<th>Number Required for Dispatch</th>
<th>Remarks or Exceptions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1) Airplanes with multiple <em>exterior</em> lavatory door ashtrays installed</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2) Airplanes with only one exterior lavatory door ashtray installed</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Each Flight Operations Evaluation Board (FOEB) Chairman should apply this Policy to affected MMELs through the normal FOEB process.

Leslie Smith  
Manager, Air Transportation Division
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
Federal Aviation Administration
14 CFR Part 39
[Docket No. FAA-2010-0956; Directorate Identifier 2010-NM-018-AD; Amendment 39-16951; AD 74-08-09 R3]
RIN 2120-AA64
Airworthiness Directives; Various Transport Category Airplanes
AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.
ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: We are revising an existing airworthiness directive (AD) for transport category airplanes that have one or more lavatories equipped with paper or linen waste receptacles. That AD currently requires installation of placards prohibiting smoking in the lavatory and disposal of cigarettes in the lavatory waste receptacles; establishment of a procedure to announce to airplane occupants that smoking is prohibited in the lavatories; installation of ashtrays at certain locations; and repetitive inspections to ensure that lavatory waste receptacle doors operate correctly. This new AD extends the time an airplane may be operated with certain missing ashtrays. This AD was prompted by the determination that certain compliance times required by the existing AD could be extended and still address fires occurring in lavatories caused by, among other things, the improper disposal of smoking materials in lavatory waste receptacles. We are issuing this AD to correct this unsafe condition on these products.

DATES: This AD is effective March 28, 2012.

Examining the AD Docket
You may examine the AD docket on the Internet at http://www.regulations.gov; or in person at the Docket Management Facility between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The AD docket contains this AD, the regulatory evaluation, any comments received, and other information. The address for the Docket Office (phone: 800-647-5527) is Document Management Facility, U.S. Department of Transportation, Docket Operations, M-30, West Building Ground Floor, Room W12-140, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE., Washington, DC 20590.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:
Discussion
Appendix A (pg 1 of 8), PL-85, AD 74-08-09 R3
We issued a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) to amend 14 CFR part 39 to revise AD 74-08-09 R2, Amendment 39-9680 (61 FR 32318, June 24, 1996). That AD applies to the specified products. The NPRM published in the Federal Register on October 6, 2010 (75 FR 61657). That NPRM proposed to continue to require installation of placards prohibiting smoking in the lavatory and disposal of cigarettes in the lavatory waste receptacles; establishment of a procedure to announce to airplane occupants that smoking is prohibited in the lavatories; installation of ashtrays at certain locations; and repetitive inspections to ensure that lavatory waste receptacle doors operate correctly. That NPRM also proposed to extend the time an airplane may be operated with certain missing ashtrays.

Comments

We gave the public the opportunity to participate in developing this AD. The following presents the comments received on the NPRM (75 FR 61657, October 6, 2010) proposal and the FAA's response to each comment.

Support for the NPRM

Air Line Pilots Association, International (ALPA), Boeing, and Air Transport Association (ATA) supported the intent of the NPRM (75 FR 61657, October 6, 2010).

Request to Credit MPD Task Cards

MNG Airlines reported that some airplane manufacturers' maintenance planning documents (MPDs) include the requirements of AD 74-08-09 R2, Amendment 39-9680 (61 FR 32318, June 24, 1996), in a task card, which the operators add to their own MPDs for their fleet. The commenter requested that we revise the NPRM (75 FR 61657, October 6, 2010) by indicating that, if a manufacturer's and operator's MPDs cover a task card, the AD requirements are automatically satisfied.

We disagree with the request. Operators determine how to track the implementation and compliance of the AD requirements for their fleet. We do not consider it appropriate to include AD provisions that apply only to certain operators. It is not necessary to change the final rule to include this provision.

Request To Clarify Relief Provisions

ATA recommended that we simplify and clarify the proposed relief provisions for airplanes having multiple lavatory doors. For those airplanes, ATA recommended that we revise the NPRM (75 FR 61657, October 6, 2010) to provide MMEL (Master Minimum Equipment List) relief for up to—and including—50 percent of the ashtrays for 10 days. (The NPRM specified only “up to” 50 percent of the ashtrays.) ATA noted that this recommendation would (1) Remove the proposed requirement to replace half of the missing ashtrays within 3 days; (2) provide a level of safety equal to or exceeding the level proposed for airplanes having only one 3 lavatory door; (3) simplify the management and oversight of MMEL relief by operators and FAA inspectors; and (4) clarify that the phrase “up to” includes 50 percent, which would eliminate differing interpretations.

We have reviewed the ATA proposal. While we agree that the proposal has merit, we find that it does not account for all possible scenarios. Paragraph (j) of the AD allows 3 days to install any...
ashtrays if more than 50 percent of the ashtrays are missing. The commenter's proposed change, on the other hand, could ground airplanes: If, for example, 2 of 2 ashtrays are missing, 1 ash tray must be installed before further flight. We have therefore not changed the final rule regarding this issue. But, according to the provisions of paragraph (m) of this AD, we may approve requests to adjust the compliance schedule if the request includes data substantiating that the new schedule would provide an acceptable level of safety.

Request To Revise Compliance Time

Thomas Edward Young requested that we clarify paragraph (j) of the NPRM (75 FR 61657, October 6, 2010) to address the case of a single ashtray missing on an airplane with multiple lavatory door ashtrays. Mr. Young provided alternative text to address this situation.

We disagree with the request. Paragraph (j) of this AD adequately covers the scenario described by the commenter. We have not changed the final rule regarding this issue.

Request To Clarify Proposed Changes

ALPA requested clarification of the relief proposed in the NPRM (75 FR 61657, October 6, 2010) for two possible scenarios.

First, ALPA was concerned about possible confusion of the AD requirements for airplanes with an odd number of multiple lavatory doors with missing or inoperative ashtrays. In this case, the 50 percent criteria specified in the AD would result in a fractional number. ALPA therefore suggested that we revise the NPRM (75 FR 61657, October 6, 2010) to ensure that a fractional number of ashtrays be rounded to the next higher whole number.

Second, ALPA noted that, if there are groups of lavatories in multiple locations throughout an airplane, compliance with the proposed requirements aircraft-wide could result in all of the ashtrays in a group being missing or inoperative. To ensure that the required extinguishing capability is retained, ALPA therefore recommended an additional requirement to ensure that at least one lavatory door in each group of lavatories has a serviceable ashtray.

We disagree with the requests, although we considered both recommendations during the drafting of this revision of the AD. We determined that the commenter's first recommendation (to address airplanes with an odd number of missing ashtrays) would have only added to the complexity of the AD. If the calculation of ashtrays needing to be replaced results in a fractional number, operators will need to round up this figure. The only way to replace 2.5 ashtrays, for example, is to replace 3 ashtrays. We find that additional clarification is not necessary.

We determined that the commenter's second recommendation (to address airplanes with all ashtrays missing in a group of lavatories) would have resulted in confusing and overly complicated requirements. The AD's more simplified approach adequately addresses the unsafe condition.

We have not changed the AD regarding these issues.

Conclusion

We reviewed the relevant data, considered the comments received, and determined that air safety and the public interest require adopting the AD as proposed.

Costs of Compliance

Appendix A (pg 4 of 8), PL-85, AD 74-08-09 R3
This action merely extends a certain compliance time and does not add any new additional economic burden on affected operators. The relief provided by this AD allows operators to continue to operate airplanes without the required number of ashtrays for a longer period of time than was previously permitted. This results in reduced costs to affected operators since it reduces the potential interruptions in service to reinstall the ashtrays. The current costs associated with this AD are provided below for the convenience of affected operators. The following table provides the estimated costs for U.S. operators to comply with this AD.

Estimated Costs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Work hours</th>
<th>Average labor rate per hour</th>
<th>Parts</th>
<th>Cost per airplane</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Placard</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>$85</td>
<td>Negligible</td>
<td>$85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Installations</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inspections</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>$85</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>$170 per inspection cycle</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Authority for This Rulemaking

Title 49 of the United States Code specifies the FAA's authority to issue rules on aviation safety. Subtitle I, Section 106, describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII, Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the Agency's authority.

We are issuing this rulemaking under the authority described in Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart III, Section 44701, "General requirements." Under that section, Congress charges the FAA with promoting safe flight of civil aircraft in air commerce by prescribing regulations for practices, methods, and procedures the Administrator finds necessary for safety in air commerce. This regulation is within the scope of that authority because it addresses an unsafe condition that is likely to exist or develop on products identified in this rulemaking action.

Regulatory Findings

We have determined that this AD will not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132. This AD will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this AD:

(1) Is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866,

(2) Is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979),

(3) Will not affect intrastate aviation in Alaska, and

(4) Will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Appendix A (pg 5 of 8), PL-85, AD 74-08-09 R3
Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, under the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the FAA amends 14 CFR part 39 as follows:

PART 39–AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. The FAA amends § 39.13 by removing airworthiness directive (AD) 74-08-09 R2, Amendment 39-9680 (61 FR 32318, June 24, 1996), and adding the following new AD:

FAA
Aviation Safety

AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVE

www.faa.gov/aircraft/safety/alerts/
www.gpoaccess.gov/fr/advanced.html

74-08-09 R3 Transport category airplanes: Amendment 39-16951; Docket No. FAA-2010-0956;
Directorate Identifier 2010-NM-018-AD.

(a) Effective Date
This airworthiness directive (AD) is effective March 28, 2012.

(b) Affected ADs
This AD revises AD 74-08-09 R2, Amendment 39-9680 (61 FR 32318, June 24, 1996).

(c) Applicability
This AD applies to transport category airplanes, certificated in any category, that have one or more lavatories equipped with paper or linen waste receptacles. These lavatories may be on various airplanes, identified in but not limited to the airplanes of the manufacturers included in table 1 of this AD.

Table 1–Affected Airplanes

Airplane manufacturer
328 Support Services GmbH (Type Certificate previously held by AvCraft Aerospace GmbH; Fairchild Dornier GmbH; Dornier Luftfahrt GmbH)
AEROSPATIALE (Societe Nationale Industrielle Aerospatiale)
Airbus
ATR – GIE Avions de Transport Régional

Appendix A (pg 6 of 8), PL-85, AD 74-08-09 R3
(d) Subject

Air Transport Association (ATA) of America Code 25: Equipment/furnishings.

(e) Unsafe Condition

This revision to the AD (AD 74-08-09 R2 (61 FR 32318, June 24, 1996)) was prompted by the determination that certain compliance times required by the existing AD may be extended and still address fires occurring in lavatories caused by, among other things, the improper disposal of smoking materials in lavatory waste receptacles. This revision to the AD would continue to prevent possible fires that could result from smoking materials being dropped into lavatory paper or linen waste receptacles.

(f) Compliance

You are responsible for having the actions required by this AD performed within the compliance times specified, unless the actions have already been done.

(g) Restatement of Requirements of AD 74-08-09 R2, Amendment 39-9680 (61 FR 32318, June 24, 1996): Placard Installation

Within 60 days after August 6, 1974 (the effective date of AD 74-08-09, Amendment 39-1917 (39 FR 28229, August 6, 1974)), or before the accumulation of any time in service on a new Appendix A (pg 7 of 8), PL-85, AD 74-08-09 R3
production aircraft after delivery, whichever occurs later—except that new production aircraft
may be flown in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation
Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to a base where compliance may be accomplished:
Accomplish the requirements of paragraphs (g)(1) and (g)(2) of this AD.

(1) Install a placard on each side of each lavatory door over the door knob, or on each side of
each lavatory door, or adjacent to each side of each lavatory door. The placards must contain the
legible words “No Smoking in Lavatory” or “No Smoking,” or contain “No Smoking”
symbology in lieu of words, or contain both wording and symbology, to indicate that smoking is
prohibited in the lavatory. The placards must be of sufficient size and contrast and be located so
as to be conspicuous to lavatory users. And

(2) Install a placard on or near each lavatory paper or linen waste disposal receptacle door,
containing the legible words or symbology indicating “No Cigarette Disposal.”

(h) Restatement of Requirements of AD 74-08-09 R2, Amendment 39-9680 (61 FR 32318,
June 24, 1996): Announcement Procedures

Within 30 days after August 6, 1974 (the effective date of AD 74-08-09, Amendment 39-1917
(39 FR 28229, August 6, 1974)), establish a procedure that requires that, no later than a time
immediately after the “No Smoking” sign is extinguished following takeoff, an announcement
be made by a crewmember to inform all aircraft occupants that smoking is prohibited in the
aircraft lavatories; except that, if the aircraft is not equipped with a “No Smoking” sign, the
required procedure must provide that the announcement be made prior to each takeoff.

(i) Restatement of Requirements of AD 74-08-09 R2, Amendment 39-9680 (61 FR 32318,
June 24, 1996): Ashtray Installation

Except as provided by paragraph (j) of this AD: Within 180 days after August 6, 1974 (the
effective date of AD 74-08-09, Amendment 39-1917 (39 FR 28229, August 6, 1974)), or before
the accumulation of any time in service on a new production aircraft, whichever occurs later—
except that new production aircraft may be flown in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199
of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to a base where compliance
may be accomplished: Install a self-contained, removable ashtray on or near the entry side of
each lavatory door. One ashtray may serve more than one lavatory door if the ashtray can be
seen readily from the cabin side of each lavatory door served.

(j) Restatement of Requirements of AD 74-08-09 R2, Amendment 39-9680 (61 FR 32318,
June 24, 1996), with Revised Compliance Times: Allowances for Partial Replacement

An airplane with multiple lavatory doors may be operated with up to 50 percent of the lavatory
door ashtrays missing or inoperative, provided 50 percent of the missing or inoperative ashtrays
are replaced within 3 days and all remaining missing or inoperative ashtrays are replaced within
10 days. An airplane with only 1 lavatory door may be operated for a period of 10 days with the
lavatory door ashtray missing or inoperative.

Note 1 to paragraph (j) of this AD: This AD permits a lavatory door ashtray to be missing,
although the FAA-approved Master Minimum Equipment List (MMEL) may not allow such
provision. In any case, the provisions of this AD prevail.
(k) Restatement of Requirements of AD 74-08-09 R2, Amendment 39-9680 (61 FR 32318, June 24, 1996): Inspections

Within 30 days after August 6, 1974 (the effective date of AD 74-08-09, Amendment 39-1917 (39 FR 28229, August 6, 1974)), and thereafter at intervals not to exceed 1,000 hours' time-in-service from the last inspections, accomplish the following:

1. Inspect all lavatory paper and linen waste receptacle enclosure access doors and disposal doors for proper operation, fit, sealing, and latching for the containment of possible trash fires.

2. Correct all defects found during the inspections required by paragraph (k)(1) of this AD.

(l) Restatement of Requirements of AD 74-08-09 R2, Amendment 39-9680 (61 FR 32318, June 24, 1996): Adjustments to Inspection Intervals

Upon the request of an operator, the FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector (PMI) may adjust the 1,000-hour repetitive inspection interval specified in paragraph (k) of this AD to permit compliance at an established inspection period of the operator if the request contains data to justify the requested change in the inspection interval.

(m) Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs)

1. The Manager, Airframe/Cabin Safety Branch, Transport Airplane Directorate, FAA, has the authority to approve AMOCs for this AD, if requested using the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19. In accordance with 14 CFR 39.19, send your request to your principal inspector or local Flight Standards District Office, as appropriate. If sending information directly to the manager of the ACO, send it to the attention of the person identified in the Related Information section of this AD.

2. Before using any approved AMOC, notify your appropriate principal inspector, or lacking a principal inspector, the manager of the local flight standards district office/certificate holding district office.

(n) Related Information

For more information about this AD, contact Alan Sinclair, Aerospace Engineer, Airframe/Cabin Safety Branch, ANM-115, Transport Airplane Directorate, FAA, 1601 Lind Avenue SW., Renton, Washington 98057-3356; phone: 425-227-2195; fax: 425-227-1232; email: alan.sinclair@faa.gov.

(o) Material Incorporated by Reference

None.


Kalene C. Yanamura,
Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate,
Aircraft Certification Service.
In Reply
Refer To: ANM-115-12-001

Mr. Mike Bianchi
Director, Technical Operations
Airlines for America
1301 Pennsylvania Ave. NW, Suite 1100
Washington, DC 20004

Dear Mr. Mike Bianchi:

The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) has received your letter, dated March 8, 2012 requesting an alternative method of compliance (AMOC) to Airworthiness Directive (AD) 74-08-09 R3. AD 74-08-09 R3 requires installation of placards prohibiting smoking in the lavatory and disposal of cigarettes in the lavatory waste receptacles; establishment of a procedure to announce to airplane occupants that smoking is prohibited in the lavatories; installation of ashtrays at certain locations; and repetitive inspections to ensure that lavatory waste receptacle doors operate correctly. This AD extends the time an airplane may be operated with certain missing ashtrays. This AD was prompted by the determination that certain compliance times required by the existing AD could be extended and still address fires occurring in lavatories caused by, among other things, the improper disposal of smoking materials in lavatory waste receptacles. We issued this AD to correct this unsafe condition on these products.

You are requesting approval of revising paragraph (j) to read as follows.

- “An airplane with multiple lavatory doors may be operated for a period of 10 days with up to and including 50 percent of the lavatory door ashtrays missing or inoperative.”

- An airplane with multiple lavatory doors may be operated for a period of three days with more than 50 percent of the lavatory door ashtrays missing or inoperative, or.

- An airplane with only 1 lavatory door may be operated for a period of 10 days with the lavatory door ashtray missing or inoperative”.

The proposed change is in keeping with the intent of AD 74-08-09 R3 and as Title 14 Code of Federal Regulations (14 CFR) Part 252 bans smoking on all on air carrier and foreign air
carrier flights in scheduled intrastate, interstate and foreign air transportation on all flights with in the United States therefore this proposal provides an acceptable level of safety.

The Transport Standard Staff Office approves your AMOC proposal to revise paragraph (j) of AD 74-08-09 R3 covering the replacement time for ashtrays that have lost or missing.

All provisions of AD 74-08-09 R3 that are not specifically referenced above remain fully applicable and must be complied with accordingly.

In accordance with FAA Order 8110.103A, dated September 28, 2010, the following conditions apply:

1. All provisions of AD 74-08-09 R3 that are not specifically referenced above remain fully applicable and must be complied with accordingly.

2. This approval is applicable to all 14 CFR part 25 certified aircraft.

3. This approval is transferable with airplane(s) to other operators.

4. Before using this AMOC, notify your appropriate principal inspector, or lacking a principal inspector, the manager of the local flight standards district office/certificate holding district office.

This AMOC only applies to the FAA AD listed above. The FAA does not have the authority to approve this as an AMOC to any AD issued by another civil aviation authority (CAA). Approval of an AMOC to another CAA’s AD must come from that CAA.

Should you have any questions, please contact this office or Alan Sinclair at telephone number (425) 227-2195, fax (425) 227-1320, or electronic mail at alan.sinclair@faa.gov.

Sincerely,

Franklin Tiangsing
Manager, Airframe & Cabin Safety Branch (ANM-115)
Transport Standards Staff - Transport Airplane Directorate

cc: EASA: ads@ensa.europa.eu
Transport Canada: derek.ferguson@tc.gc.ca
Appendix C (pg 1 of 2), Alternate Means of Compliance (AMOC), FAA Letter ANM-115-12-004, dated March 27, 2012

MAR 27 2012

In Reply
Refer To: ANM-115-12-004

Mr. Elias Cotti:
Director, Technical Operations
National Business Aviation Association
1200 18th Street NW, Suite 400
Washington, DC 20036

Dear Mr. Elias Cotti:

The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) has received your letter, dated March 21, 2012 requesting an alternative method of compliance (AMOC) to Airworthiness Directive (AD) 74-08-09 R3. AD 74-08-09 R3 requires installation of placards prohibiting smoking in the lavatory and disposal of cigarettes in the lavatory waste receptacles; establishment of a procedure to announce to airplane occupants that smoking is prohibited in the lavatories; installation of ashtrays at certain locations; and repetitive inspections to ensure that lavatory waste receptacle doors operate correctly. This AD extends the time an airplane may be operated with certain missing ashtrays. This AD was prompted by the determination that certain compliance times required by the existing AD could be extended and still address fires occurring in lavatories caused by, among other things, the improper disposal of smoking materials in lavatory waste receptacles. We issued this AD to correct this unsafe condition on these products.

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2. This approval is applicable to all 14 CFR part 25 certified aircraft.

3. This approval is transferable with airplane(s) to other operators.

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Should you have any questions, please contact this office or Alan Sinclair at telephone number (425) 227-2195, fax (425) 227-1320, or electronic mail at alan.sinclair@faa.gov.

Sincerely,

Franklin Tiangsing
Manager, Airframe & Cabin Safety Branch (ANM-115)
Transport Standards Staff - Transport Airplane Directorate

cc: EASA: ads@esa.europa.eu
    Transport Canada: derek.ferguson@tc.gc.ca